	Case 1:20-cv-00948-DAD-JLT Docume	nt 7 Filed 09/02/20 Page 1 of 3
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	ROBERT CHARLES LAVERY,	No. 1:20-cv-00948-NONE-JLT (HC)
12	Petitioner,	ORDER ADOPTING FINDINGS AND
13		RECOMMENDATIONS, DISMISSING PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORDUS DIRECTING THE CLERK OF
14	v.	CORPUS, DIRECTING THE CLERK OF COURT TO ASSIGN DISTRICT JUDGE FOR PURPOSE OF CLOSING CASE AND THEN
15		CLOSE CASE, AND DECLINING TO ISSUE CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY
16	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF	(Doc. No. 5)
17	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION,	(Doc. No. 3)
18	,	
19	Respondent.	
20	Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding in propria persona with a petition for writ of	
21	habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. He alleges that he is receiving inadequate medical	
22	care because his transfer from the Kings County Jail to state prison has been put on hold due to	
23	COVID-19 and that "law enforcement over-charg[ed]" his case and "stack[ed]" crimes in order to	
24	secure a conviction. (See Doc. No. 1.) On July 10, 2020, the magistrate judge assigned to the	
25	case issued findings and recommendations recommending that the petition be dismissed on the	
26	basis that petitioner failed to name a proper respondent; has not exhausted his claims by first	
27	presenting them to the highest state court; and failed to state a cognizable claim for federal habeas	
28	relief. (Doc. No. 5.) The pending findings and recommendations additionally cited the <i>Younger</i>	

Case 1:20-cv-00948-DAD-JLT Document 7 Filed 09/02/20 Page 2 of 3

abstention doctrine (*Younger v. Harris*, 401 U.S. 37, 43-54 (1971)) as another basis to withhold review of the pending petition, finding some ambiguity as to whether petitioner had been convicted of a crime at the time the magistrate judge received the petition, based on the dates provided by petitioner therein. The findings and recommendations were served upon all parties and contained notice that any objections were to be filed within thirty days from the date of service of that order. To date, no party has filed objections.

In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636 (b)(1)(C), the court has conducted a de novo review of the case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, the court concludes that the magistrate judge's findings and recommendations are supported by the record and proper analysis.

In addition, the court declines to issue a certificate of appealability. A state prisoner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no absolute entitlement to appeal a district court's denial of his petition, and an appeal is only allowed in certain circumstances. *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 335-336 (2003). If a court denies a petitioner's petition, the court may only issue a certificate of appealability when a petitioner makes a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). To make a substantial showing, the petitioner must establish that "reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were 'adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000) (quoting *Barefoot v. Estelle*, 463 U.S. 880, 893 (1983)).

In the present case, the court finds that petitioner has not made the required substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right to justify the issuance of a certificate of appealability. Reasonable jurists would not find the court's determination that petitioner is not entitled to federal habeas corpus relief debatable, wrong, or deserving of encouragement to proceed further. Thus, the court therefore declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

Accordingly, the court orders as follows:

1. The Findings and Recommendations, filed July 10, 2020 (Doc. No. 5), are adopted;

Case 1:20-cv-00948-DAD-JLT Document 7 Filed 09/02/20 Page 3 of 3 2. The petition for writ of habeas corpus is dismissed; 3. The Clerk of Court is directed to assign a district judge to this case for the purpose of closing the case and then to close the case; and, 4. The court declines to issue a certificate of appealability. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: September 2, 2020